PAGES-LAST EDITION

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.

Roberts Testifies In The Senator Smoot Case.

TORONTO'S MOST DISASTROUS FIRE.

It Raged Throughout the Night In the Wholesale and Refail Business District.

LOSS IS SIX MILLION DOLLARS

Principal Warehouses Reduced Ashes and 250 Firms Put Out Of Business.

FIRE CHIEF CAUGHT IN A TRAP.

Jumped from a Tall Building to Save His Life-Wires Broke the Fall But the Fall Broke His Leg.

Toronto, Ont., April. 20 .- The fire that raged throughout the night and up to an early hour today in Toronto's wholesale and retail business district was the most disastrous in the history of the city. The total loss is conservatively estimated between five and six million dollars. The principal warehouses of the city were reduced to ashes and nearly 250 firms were put out of business. The area covered by the fire is three blocks in length and varies from half a block to two blocks in width. Every building on Bay street from Melinda street southward to the water front was wiped out and the fire spread on Wellington and Front streets and the esplanade along the waterfront the esplanade along the waterfront from this section with Bay street for loundary for a few hundred feet to a whole block. The total number of buildings destroyed was: Bay street cast side 20; west side 30; Wellington treet perth side 12 south side 7. Front street, north side, 12, south side, 7; Front street, north side 22; south side 27; Esplanade, 4; Piper street, 1.

FIRMS BURNED OUT.

Pollowing is a list of the more important firms burned out: E. & S. Currie; Pugsely, Dingman & Co., Toronto Soap company loss \$100,000 insurance 80,000; Gillespie, Anley & Co., hatters; W. R. Brock company, dry goods, loss on stock \$600,000, insurance \$540,000; Rolph, Smith & Co., lithographers; Brown Bros. stationers, loss \$300,000, insurance \$250,000 Gordan, Mackay & Co., dry goods; loss \$550,000, insurance \$60,000; Atkinson Bros., fancy goods; Cockburn & Rea, milliners, Dingman & Moneypenny, woolens, loss, \$100,000, insurance \$75,000; Doggs Medicine company; Laight & Westwood, notions, loss 100,000 insurance \$50,000; Ritchie & Ramsey, paper; E. W. Gilmore & Bros., Brerware, Canada Paint company, own Hotel, Breerton & Manning, furs W. J. Gage Co., stationers, loss \$200,000, insurance \$150,000, Copp. Clark Co. stationers, loss \$200,000, insurance \$175, 600; Warwick Bros., & Rutter, loss \$200 000, insurance \$150,000 Gale Manufacturing Co., white ware, \$135,000 insurance \$100,000; Guttapercha & Rubber company, loss \$500,000, insurance \$500,000 Chas. Cockshut & Co., woolens, loss \$300, 600, insurance \$250,000; Eckart Casket company, loss \$200,000, insurance \$100,-600; Wyld-Darling company, dry goods, loss \$500,000, insurance \$400,000; Dominion Fence company, loss \$125,000, insurance \$75,000; Buntin-Reid company, stationers, loss \$200,000, insurance \$150, 600: Corticelli Silk company, Gult Bros. & Co., dry goods.

APPEALS FOR ASSISTANCE.

Early in the evening when the fire assumed alarming proportions, appeals for assistance were sent to London, Hamilton, Montreal and Buffalo, Special trains were at once started from these points, but it was long after midnight before the first of them began to arrive and in the meantime the loca firemen were having the fight of their lives. From the time the fire started on the north side of Wellington street, a short distance east of Bay street in the E. & S. Currie neckwear manufac-turing plant, when it burned itself out at daybreak , there was not a moment when a shift of the wind to the northward would not have resulted in the destruction of the greater part of the city. Fire Chief Thompson was forced to jump from the top of a building when trapped by the flames. A net-work of wires broke his fall and saved his life, and he escaped with a broken When the chief made the leap for life a traveler from Montreal was on the roof with him and no trace of him has since been found. It is prob-able that he perished in the flames.

WHERE FIRE STARTED.

The fire started in the elevator shaft in the rear of the Currie building. Then the flames spread across the street to Brown Brothers and from there east to Bay street. The wind, which had been brisk, increased to a gale. A general alarm was sounded, but before all the firemen had reached the scene the fire had leaped to the high buildings occupied by Anley & Co., and Pursley, Dingman & Co. Then Suckling building, adjoining Currie's Almost simultaneously lames began to shoot out from the Brown building and the firemen were to divide their forces. The Dingman & Moneypenny's liding, on the northwest corner of y street and Wellington street, was next place to burst into flames. In incredible, to the street of the st an incredibly short time Currie's, Brown's and Dingman & Monny's were all a mass of flames,

and the streams of water thrown into them had no apparent effect. The Gale Manufacturing company's immense plant in the rear of Anley & Co., was the next to fall prey to the fames. flames and shortly afterward the flames on the east side of Dingman & Money-

side of Bay to the Office Specialty

A DESPERATE STAND.

It was here that the firemen united forces and made a desperate stand to thek the progress of the flames northward in the heart of the ally. They d in the heart of the city. They but not until they had lost control flames which were now sweeping down Bay street toward the river front.
The office of the Evening Telegram, the next building north of the Office Spec-

ialty building was slightly damaged in the two hours' fight with the raging

In the meantime the immense ware-house of the W. R. Brock company on the southwest corner of Bay and Wellington streets, was being subjected to the intense heat from the burning Brown building on the east and the Dingman & Moneypenny building op-posite, with scarcely a stream of wa-ter playing upon them. The big wood-en water tank on the roof caught freen water tank on the roof caught fire, but in some strange manner the building itself escaped destruction for the time being. The fire cut its way through the rear of Brown Brothers' building, which faces on Front street, the first street south of Wellington. In a brief space of time Front street, on both sides, was like a roaring furnace. For over half an hour the fire in Front street burned fiercely, practically un-checked. It then began to work its way back upon Bay street, Gordon Mackay & Co.'s warehouse serving as fuel. A few minutes before the Canada Rubber company's plant started to burn. While it lasted this furnished the hottest and fiercest confiagration of the night. The flames, shooting hundreds of feet into the air and scattering great masses of sparks and cinders on every side continued north on Bay street until a complete circle of fire had formed around the Brock building on the southwest corner of Bay and Wellington streets, over which the flames had hurled in their first dash south. The Erock building was soon

QUEEN'S HOTEL SAVED

It was only the intervening park that saved the Queen's hotel, one of the finest hostelries in the country. The guests hurriedly left and everything portable was removed from the hotel.

The flames leaped across Bay street in half a dozen places and shortly before midnight it became apparent that the whole block south of East Wellington street, was doomed.

The Gordon Mackay building on the northwest corner of Front and Bay streets, which for nearly 70 years was one of the finest establishments in the city, made a fierce blaze. The Copp-Clark building and Warwick brothers and Rutters were destroyed at about the same time. The heat was so great and the smoke and flying embers so thick that the firemen were helpless and could not get near enough to the to play a single stream on it. To add to the terrifying scene came a bombardment of exploding giant crackers and fireworks stored in the Copp-Clark building. The fire next leaped across Front street to the McPherson Brothers' boot and shoe warehouse and the adjoining buildings.

In 45 minutes the flames had leveled every building between Front street and the Esplanade, on the west side of Bay

FIREMEN RETREAT.

The firemen who had been forced to retreat slowly on Front street and the Esplanade concentrated their forces another desperate they failed this time. The flames leaped across the street below and destroyed McLaughlin company's flour mills at the southeast corner by Bay street and front. From there the fire took an easterly course toward Yonge street and dangerously near the wharves. the southwest it burned itself out for lack of fuel. The flames were also spreading toward the east along both sides of Front street and the east side of Wellington street.

2 o'clock, the Eddy warehouse, the Lincoln paper mills warehouse and the Kleinerle Rubber company's warehouses on the north side of Front street were burning. On the south side the warehouses of H. S. Howland Sons and Company, the Doggs Paint company and the Dodge Split Pulley

company and the Dodge Spit Panely company were burning.

On West Wellington street, opposite the Brock building Wyland Barks warehouse, Buntin-Reid company's store the warehouses of W. & L. Sam-uel Benjamin Company, A. Bradshaw and Sons, Kilgour Brothers, and the

Union bank were destroyed.

The customs house, a four-story stone building at the corner of Yonge and Front streets was the barrier that stopped the progress of the flames toward the eastern end of Front street. Tons of waters were thrown against the sides of the customs house. That structure was not seriously damaged. Dynamite was used on several small Hundreds of streams of water are

still being poured into immense deposits of glowing embers but the fire has spent itself and all danger has passed.

AN AVALANCHE BURIES TWENTY PEOPLE.

Geneva, April, 20.-After three days of continuous rains many avalanches and slides have occured in the neighborhood of the Simpleon pass. At Gringeols an avalanche buried twenty persons and five houses.

MOYER STARTS FOR DENVER. Accompanied by Gen. Bell and an Armed Escort.

Telluride, Colo., April. 20.—Adjutant General Bell, Capt. Bulkeley Wells, Capt. Carlile and Col. Kennedy, with a guard of 17 troopers, departed at 8:25 this morning for Denver with President Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners to be present at the habeas corpus proceeding in the supreme court tomorrow afternoon.

Robert le Diable Wins.

London, April, 20.—The city and suburban handicap of \$10,000 at Epsom today was won by Robert le Diable. Dean Swift was second and Cerisier third. King Edward was present Twenty-one horses went to the post.

A HUNDRED MINERS BURIED BY AVALANCHE

Turin, Italy, April 20 .- About 100 miners have been buried by an immense avalanche near the village of Pragelato. A violent storm is sweeping over that locality, and it is feared that other avalanches may result. The whole population of the village and a detachment of 40 soldiers have gone to the scene of the

disaster, hoping to save some of

A JAPANESE FORCE HAS LANDED NEAR NEWCHWANG.

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So Reported in a Dispatch from St. Petersburg-Constant Skirmishing Has Occurred Between the Opposing Armies on the Yalu River-No Decisive Action Has Taken Place-Russian Troops Occupying Yong Gan in Northeastern Korea.

London, April 20.-2:02 p. m.-A dispatch to the Central News from St. Petersburg says it is reported that a Japanese force has landed near Newchwang.

Seoul, April 20 .- 11:45 p. m .- The Japanese authorities here admit that constant skirmishing occurred between the opposing armies on the Yalu river, but they claim that no decisive action has taken place up to date, though news of such an engagement is expected at any

It is estimated that the Russians now have 50,000 men on the Yalu river. The wildest rumors are afloat, largely from Korean sources, which are absolutely unreli-

Tokio, April 20.—9:30 p. m.—Russian troops to the number of 1,000 are reported in occupation of Yong Gan in northeastern Korea.

A detachment of 40 cossacks has appeared for a second time at Sung Jin (about 150 miles north of Gensan) where they burned the Japanese settlement and took possession of the post and the telegraph offices. As there are no Japanese troops present the Korean officials of Sung Jin were friendly to the Russians.

Another detachment of 75 Russian soldiers has advanced as far south as Puck Chyong. about 70 miles down the coast from Sung Jin.

Fell On Street And Died At Police Station.

Louis Henriod, a Richfield Man, Seized With Fatal Fits and Passed Away Before Medical Relief Could be Obtained-Coroner Decides That Inquest is Unnecessary-Relatives Notified.

with two violent fits. Henriod was a brother of Gus Henriod, ex-mashal of Eureka. The body was removed to Evans' undertaking parlors, where it will be prepared for burial.

Coroner Clark was summoned, but after making an examination of the remains, and learning all he could about the man's condition, decided that an inquest was unnecessary.

At 9:15 o'clock this morning, Henriod was seen walking across First South to-

Louis Henriod, a man about 30 years | ward the Deseret National bank. As | Mr. Dollman, who first saw the man face. As he drew near the bank build. ing, he was seen to reel, and would have fallen to the pavement had not C. J. Dollman, of 48 west Third South street, caught him. At that moment, Frank Gardner came up and assisted Henriod to the bank steps. There the unfortunate man was seized with another fit. Sergeant Hempel was called, and took the sick man to police headquarters. It was then evident that his condition was most serious. Dr. C. M. Benedict was hastily summoned, but before he arrived Henriod was dead, He passed away without a struggle.

Louis Henriod, a man about 30 years he crossed the car tracks he came near of age, from Richfield, Utah, died in a being struck by a passing car. Henriod "He looked frightened wh room at police headquarters at 9:30 being struck by a passing car. Hebriod had to step lively to avoid an accident, and he had an expression of fear on his Almost immediately he was seized with a fit and would have fallen had I

caught him in my arms. Mr. Gardner helped me to get him to the bank steps and the officer came up. I used to know Henriod in Eureka, in 1895, when he conducted a restaurant there. He has two brothers besides Gus Henriod. He was unmarried, so far as I know, and I don't think he was a drinking

Several letters from Richfield were found in the man's pockets, but they gave no information about him. relatives have been notified of his death. and they are expected here tomorrow.

WAR MIGHT HAVE BEEN PREVENTED

Such is Japanese Opinion Had Viceroy Alexieff Resigned Six Months Ago.

RUSSIA IS BUYING MORE SHIPS

Admiralty is Still Without Definite News as to Cause of the Loss Of the Petroplavovsk.

London, April 20 .- The Japanese legation here is greatly interested in the announcement of Viceroy Alexieft's resignation. The opinion is expressed that if he had resigned six months ago there would have been no war, but now that hostilities are in progress the Japanese would have preferred to see Alexieff retain control.

RUSSIA BUYS SHIPS.

St. Petersburg, April 20.-1:49 p. m.-In regard to the reported purchase by Russia of four ships in the United States it is now said that the deal was negotiated at Constantinople by Gen. Williams, the agent of a Philadelphia shipbuilding firm and the Russian ambassador to Turkey, M. Zinoviff.
The admiralty still lacks definite in-

formation as to the cause of the Pe-tropavlovsk disaster. The authorities at Port Arthur evidently are not yet convinced that they have the true explanation. The general staff here is divided between two opinions, a mine or a boiler explosion, although a few still cling to the theory that the battleship was sunk by a submarine boat. The boiler explosion theory is based on the knowledge that the Petropavlovsk had been steaming at full speed, and that her sudden slow down may have caused accumulation of pressure which burst her boilers. Those who accept the mine theory, and they are in the majority, believe that the explosion of the mine detoned the magazine, which blew up before the boilers. The main objection advanced against the mine idea is that the water where the cat-astrophe occurred is too deep for an-

chored mines. "I can scarcely imagine that Vice Admiral Togo would dare to turn loose a lot of floating mines," said one of the highest authorities. "The tides are high and the currents strong at Port Arthur and floating mines might easily be carried out to sea and endanger his

PORT ARTHUR IS QUIET. Port Arthur, Tuesday, April 19.—(De-layed in transmission)—All is quiet throughout this district. It is persistently asserted that a

thur April 15, and that the Japanese armored cruisers Nishin and Kasuga were damaged respectively below and

Correspondents Leave for Mukden Newchwang, April 20.—The correspondents of leading French, Italian and British newspapers, of one American newspaper, and of the Associated Press have paper, and of the Associated Press have been permitted to proceed to Mukden. They left here today. U. S. Consul Miller entertained the cor-respondents at the consulate previous to their departure. They are the first for-eign newspaper men admitted to the Rus-sian lines since the declaration of war.

Snowstorm Visits the Land.

St. Louis, April 20.-A severe snow-storm raged here today at times assuming the proportions of a blizzard. The storm began with a sleet storm followed by a fall of 20 degrees of temperature. Following there was a snowfall of five inches. Street traffic was impeded and trains are late.

The snow prevented the games be-tween St. Louis and Chicago National league teams and St. Louis and Cleve land American teams, scheduled for to day. From five to seven inches of snow fell within a radius of 150 miles of St

Kansas City, April 20.-A light snow, accompanied by a fall in the temperature fell in northwestern Missouri today. Throughout Kansas there was a heavy rain, an inch of water falling.

Oswego, N. Y., April 20. A furious snowstorm with high winds and low temperature was raging in this section today. Blizzard conditions prevail throughout northern New York.

Montpelier, Vt., April 20,-Central and northern Vermont are snowcovered as the result of a storm which began last night and still prevailed today. The mercury stands at zero.

EMIL ROESKI GUILTY. Car Barn Bandit Gets Life Im prisonment.

Chicago, April 20.-The jury in the case of Emil Roeski, the Tast of the car barn bandits, returned a verdict of guilty today. The penalty fixed is penitentiary for life

The guilt of Roeski was established on the first ballot but hours of argument among the jurors ensued before the punishment was determined upon Roeski was sentenced for the killing of Otto Rakter during the robbery of a saloon on the night of July 5.

All Quiet at Garrett-Somerset, Pa., April 20.-Sheriff

Coleman reports that there was no disturbance at Garrett last night and there is no indication of trouble there this morning.

Baseball.

Boston, April 20 .- The Boston-Washngton American league game for today was postponed on account of snow,

New York, April 20.-The Brooklyn-Boston National league ball game today was postponed because of the cold

Philadelphia, April 20,-National-Philadelphia-New York ball postponed on account of cold weather.

STRIKE IN HUNGARY

Committee Ordered all Traffic Stopped and Crew to Abandon Trains and Stations.

MEN ASK INCREASED WACES

Depots are Guarded by Troops-Already the Prices of Provisions Have Gone Up.

Budapest, April 20.-The strike of railway men which began yesterday on the Hungarian Western railway has become general, and on all the Hungarian street rallways today traffic is at a complete standstill. The southern railway, which is not owned by the government, alone managed to start trains out of Budapest today. Six trains due last night have not yet arrived. The strike committee by telagraph ordered all traffic to stop at midnight and all trains to be abandoned by their crews at the stations where each happened to be at that

The committee proposes to dispatch trains to places along the line for the purpose of bringing the strikers into Budapest but no passengers will be carried on these trains.

The men declare they are willing to return to work if their demands for increased pay, which, they claim, was promised them by Premier Tizsa, are granted and the strike leaders rein-The railroad stations are guarded by troops.

A number of strikers' delegates arriving here to attend the meeting have peen arrested.

The prices of provisions already have isen. Up to the present time 450 railroad employes have been arrested. The situation was discussed by the ministers and deputies prior to the sitting of the diet. Premier Tisza declared the government could not negotiate with the strikers, had ordered troops to be ummoned to assist in maintaining or-

An example, he added, must be made of the ringleaders of the strike. Another batch of 500 railroad men from Figure have arrived. The men in the workshops of the Western rail road have joined the strikers. The latter have disconnected the telegraph instruments at various points, ing communication. A band of 50 rail-road men stopped a train at Bai-Toring communication. A band of 50 rail. road men stopped a train at Bai-Torbagy, brought it to Budapest and re-

ported themselves to the police, who have instituted criminal proceedings against them.

THE PERRY FUND.

Marquis Ito Contributes Seven Hundred and Fifty Dollars to it.

to the Perry memorial relief fund. In a letter accompanying the contribution the marquis said:

Permit me to express my warmes: sympathy in this work, which will no only perpetuate the name of your grea commodore, who is already revered and beloved here, but will also carry home to every one of us, even the poorest of our families, the traditional friendly feeling of Americans toward our coun-

This enterprise, to a certain extent is interpreted as an endeavor on the part of those who first introduced us to western ideals to lead us farther to-ward a universal community, and hu-manitarian principles. Before these national frontiers should vanish and they will vanish.

"I sincerely hope that this work will be crowned with unprecedented suc

The Perry Memorial Relief fund was organized in Tokio on March 31, upon the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the signing of the Perry treaty by Ja-pan and the United States. The purpose of the fund is to bring aid to the destitute families of Japanese soldiers and sailors. A number of prominent Japanese and Americans subscribed to the fund as soon as the movement was or-

In the House.

Washington, April 20.—When the house met today Mr. Wadsworth, New York, called up the conference report on the agricultural appropriation bill

which was agreed to.

Mr. Olmstead, Pa., from the committee on elections No. 2 reported a resolution which was agreed to, declaring that Allen C. Durborow, estant, was not elected to the Fifty ixth Congress from Illinois, and that William Lorimer was entitled to re-

Mr. Foss then called up the confer-nce report on the naval bill.

Only a Priest Remains.

Seoul, April 20 .- 5:30 p. m .- The Japanese consul at Wonsan telegraphe that a Buddhist priest is the only on Plaksin bay, in the northeast of Korea at which places the Russians were reported to have burned the Japanese residences and to have destroyed other property belonging to Japanese.

There is no telegraphic communication with the Song Jin district.
The further movements of the Rus-

Five Years for Luchan.

Manila, April 20.-Vincente Lucban who was an active leader of the insurand Cayetano Lucban, his brother, who was formerly secretary of the Filipino revolutionary junta at Hongkong, have been sentenced each to five years' Hongkong, imprisonment for conspiracy to overthrow the government.

H. R. HERTZBERG DEAD.

Dramatic Critic Fell Over a Ballustrade and Was Killed.

New York, April 20.-H. R. Hertzberg dramatic editor of the Evening Journal, was probably fatally injured today by falling nine stories into an area way in the Morton building. Hertzberg had been playing billiards at the Press club and shortly after he had started for home his almost lifeless body was ound in the basement. It is supposed that while coming down the stairs he caned over the ballustrade and lost his balance. Hertzberg is 35 years old and unmarried. He came to New York recently from New Orleans.

BRYAN WILL SPEAK. Will Talk in Chicago on New York Platform

Lincoln, Neb., April 20.-William J. Bryan announces that he will deliver a political address at the Princess rink Chicago Saturday night on New York Platform." The platform being adopted by the New York Demo-The platform crats recently. There will be reserved seats for ministers and newspaper men, otherwise seats will be free. Mr. Bryan says he will pay the hall and all

POLYGAMOUS POSTMASTERS. Senate Passes a Resolution Regarding Their Number.

Washington, April 20.—In the senate to-day Mr. Hale reported the general de-nciency appropriation bill.

A bill donating 120 acres of land at Bercher Island, Colo., to mark the site of a battle of a party of fifty scouts and about 1,000 Indians, which occurred in 1868, was passed.

Mr. Dubois introduced and the senate passed without comment a resolution au-

Mr. Dubois introduced and the Sciate passed without comment a resolution au-thorizing the postmaster general to assist as far as possible and to report to the senate what if any, postmasters in Idaho tre living in polygamy,

Leopold's Daughters Win.

Brussels, April 20 .- The court today lelivered judgment against the creditors of Princesses Stephante and Louise, daughters of King Leopold, who sought o obtain a larger share of the late Queen Marie Henrietta's fortune than decided upon by the king and conlemned them to pay the costs of the It was held that the act of March 18 was a diplomatic treaty and that subsequently the late queen's property became subject to the princi-

ple of separateists. MR. W. J. BRYAN

Lincoln, Neb., April 20 .- W. J. Bryan gave to the press the following statement concerning the action of the New York Demo-

IS DISGRUNTLED

OVER PARKER.

cratic state convention: "I do not think the instructions will give Judge Parker any additional strength, but the platform adopted by the convention ought to prevent his nomination unless the Democrats, when they assemble at St. Louis, decide to run a confidence game on the public."

AGAIN IGNORED.

Senate Committee on Elections Resumes Hearings on Protests Against Him.

B. H. ROBERTS ON THE STAND.

He is Asked About His Relations With the Church and His Family Affairs.

BUT NOTHING ABOUT THE SENATOR

Seven Witnesses Will be Examined, When an Adjournment to July 18 Will be Taken.

(Special to the "News.") Washington, D. C., April 20 .- Fifty minutes sufficed for the first session of the renewal of the Smoot hearing before the senate committee on privileges and election today. It was 11 o'clock before a quorum of members appeared but long before that hour the seats reserved for ladies were filled, even the convention of the D. A. R. failed to attract them from the com-

mittee room. The most conspicuous figure of the female gathering was conspicuous by her absence. "The lady with the lorgnette," who has never missed a session before, failed to appear. Still there was the usual display of millinery mostly of the spring variety although the weather is of the wintry variety. John G. Carlisle made his second appearance. He has attended only once before. He sat by the side of Tayler but took no part in the examination. Messrs. Richards and Van Cott sat opposite near Mr. Worthingon. Senator Smoot's local counse Nearby were Angus M. Cannon, Judge O. W. Powers and B. H. Roberts of Utah and Mr. Cobb of the Idaho Statesman who arrived in response to a subpoena yesterday. This afternoon Moses Thatcher and L. E. Abbott of Davis county are expected. As soon as a quorum of the committee appeared Brigham H. Roberts was invited to the witness chair and after being catechised as to his personal relations with the Church he was asked concerning his marital affairs. Mr. Roberts proved to be as frank a witness as any who have preceded him. He answered every question promptly and explicitly except when the questions were of such nature as to give him the right to

decline to answer. He admitted three marriages, and that he has continued to maintain polygamous relations since the manifesto. The committee seems determined to accumulate an additional mass of testimony proving what no one denies but from appearance little more bearing directly upon the point at issue, namely, Reed Smoot's right to hold his seat, is to be brought Washington, D. C., April 20, 1904. Mr. Roberts' direct examination was concluded within a few minutes after the committee reassembled this afternoon and then under questions from Senator Bailey he explained how it was

that anyone holding an official position cannot hold a political office without first obtaining the consent of the authorities or else resigning his official connection with the Church. The idea of Bailey's questions was to show that the rules of the Church may prevent the very best men from accepting office, and he expressed his belief that there appears to be a conflict between the duties of a "Mormon" official to his Church and to the state. Mr. Roberts could not say what course he would adopt in the remote event that a conflict arose between the Church and

WILL EXAMINE SEVEN WIT-Washington, April 20.-What will be termed second round of the Reed Smoot contest opened today before the elections. It was announced that seven witnesses would be heard before the adjournment of Congress and it is practically certain that the committee will then adjourn to convene July 18. At that time will be examined witnesses who were unable to come to

state. He had defied the Church au-

thorities once and had been defeated.

Washington and others who could not be reached with summons to come Important testimony for the prosecution is expected to be developed at this session of the committee. The hearing opened without formality of any character. Brigham H. Roberts was called to the stand by Mr. Tayler. He was questioned to bring out a state-

ment of his official connection with the Mr. Roberts said he was elected to the position of one of the first seven pres-idents of Seventy in 1888 and entered politics about 1889. His interest was manifested in making speeches, but he was not a candidate for office until 1894. He then was elected as a member of the

He explained fully certain criticisms which had been made of an alleged influence which the First Presidency and Apostles had brought to bear against the aspirations of himself and others. Mr. Roberts said he protested and er the Church took up his protests, Mr. Roberts was defeated the first time he ran for Congress. He thought his last child was born three or four years ago.